

NASDAQ: OTLK outlooktherapeutics.com

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Enhancing the Standard of Care For Retinal Disorders



Investment Highlights

Positive Phase 3 Results Demonstrated with Lead Program, ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg)¹, for Treatment of Wet AMD

U.S. FDA BLA submission targeted for calendar Q1 2022

Potential to be first U.S. FDA approved ophthalmic formulation of bevacizumab

Pre-commercialization activities underway to support potential launch

Targeting \$13.1 Billion Global Ophthalmic Anti-VEGF Market²



^{1.} ONS-5010 / LYTENAVA™ (bevacizumab-vikg) is an investigational ophthalmic formulation of bevacizumab

Leadership Team: Global Ophthalmic Development and Commercial Launch Excellence



C. RUSSELL TRENARY III
President, CEO and Director



AMO







LAWRENCE KENYONChief Financial Officer and Director









JEFF EVANSON
Chief Commercial Officer







NAVIGANT



TERRY DAGNON
Chief Operating Officer









RANDY THURMANExecutive Chairman of the Board



MARK HUMAYUN, MD, PhD
Medical Advisor





Goal of ONS-5010 (Bevacizumab-vikg) Program

Provide Physicians and Patients an Ophthalmic FDA Approved Alternative of a Drug Widely Used Off-Label

Deliver cGMP formulation to ensure essential drug strength, quality, and purity

Eliminate impurities and particulates from legacy re-packaging processes

Create a product offering with a differentiated delivery system to enhance physician ease of use

Provide an economically elegant anti-VEGF solution



Executing on Pathway Towards Potential FDA Approval in Wet AMD

U.S. BLA Submission Targeted Calendar Q1 2022

✓ Positive Results



Clinical Experience Trial

1st Registration Trial

✓ Positive Top-line Data



Pivotal Trial

2nd Registration Trial

✓ Completed



Open-Label Safety Study Supports BLA Requirements





Pivotal Trial

2nd Registration Trial



Trial Highlights:

- Randomized masked controlled trial
- ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg) vs LUCENTIS® (ranibizumab)
- 228 patients enrolled
- Trial conducted in the United States
- Trial arms included >95% treatment-naïve patients
- Safety & efficacy data support planned U.S. BLA submission in calendar Q1 2022



NORSE TWO Pivotal Trial Design



Randomized masked controlled trial with 228 subjects



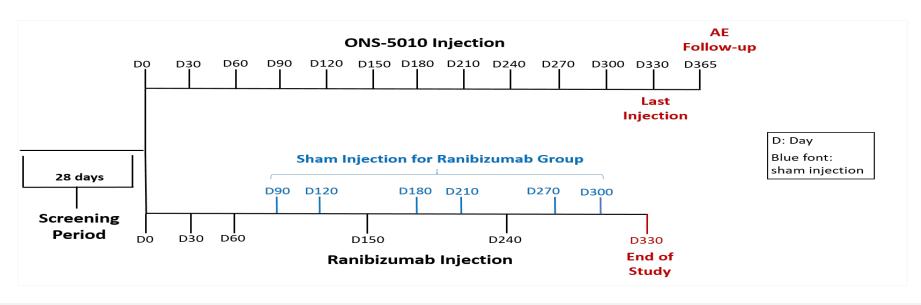
ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg) administered monthly X 12



LUCENTIS dosing arm (PIER dosing) – Three initial monthly injections followed by fixed quarterly dosing



Primary endpoint difference in proportion of subjects gaining 15 letters of BCVA at Day 330





NORSE TWO: Positive Efficacy Data

Unprecedented 41% ONS-5010 with 3-Line Gainers¹ Statistically Significant Difference Across Both Primary and Key Secondary Endpoints

	ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg)	LUCENTIS® (ranibizumab)	p-value
Primary Endpoint:			
Difference in subjects who gained at least 15 letters in the best corrected visual acuity (BCVA) at 11 months ²			
Intent-to-Treat (ITT) Primary Dataset	41%	23%	p = 0.0052
Secondary Per-Protocol (PP) Dataset	41%	24%	p = 0.04
Key Secondary Endpoint:			
Mean change in the BVCA through 11 months ²			
Intent-to-Treat (ITT) Primary Dataset	11.2 letters	5.8 letters	p = 0.0043
Secondary Per-Protocol (PP) Dataset	11.1 letters	7.0 letters	p = 0.05



^{1.} When considering adequate and well-controlled registration studies

^{2.} Participants in the trial were treated for 12 months

NORSE TWO Safety Results:

Consistent with Previously Reported Results from NORSE ONE and NORSE THREE

In All Three Studies Only One Subject has Reported Ocular Inflammation

Characteristic	Statistic	ONS-5010 (Masked Data) (N=113)	Ranibizumab (N=115)	Overall (Masked Data) (N=228)
At Least 1 TEAE	n (%)	83 (73.5)	88 (76.5)	171 (75.0)
At Least 1 Related TEAE	n (%)	6 (5.3)	2 (1.7)	8 (3.5)
Maximum Severity				
CTCAE Grade 1 Mild	n (%)	46 (40.7)	45 (39.1)	91 (39.9)
CTCAE Grade 2 Moderate	n (%)	23 (20.4)	30 (26.1)	53 (23.2)
CTCAE Grade 3 Severe	n (%)	11 (9.7)	9 (7.8)	20 (8.8)
CTCAE Grade 4 Life-threatening	n (%)	0	2 (1.7)	2 (0.9)
CTCAE Grade 5 Death	n (%)	3 (2.7)	2 (1.7)	5 (2.2)
At Least 1 Ocular TEAE	n (%)	55 (48.7)	60 (52.2)	115 (50.4)
At Least 1 Ocular TEAE in Study Eye	n (%)	47 (41.6)	47 (40.9)	94 (41.2)
At Least 1 Non-Ocular TEAE	n (%)	55 (48.7)	57 (49.6)	112 (49.1)
At Least 1 >= Grade 3 Related TEAE	n (%)	2 (1.8)	1 (0.9)	3 (1.3)
At Least 1 Serious TEAE	n (%)	14 (12.4)	16 (13.9)	30 (13.2)
At Least 1 Related Serious TEAE	n (%)	2 (1.8)	1 (0.9)	2 (0.9)
At Least 1 TEAE Leading to Study Withdrawal	n (%)	2 (1.8)	4 (3.5)	6 (2.6)



NORSE TWO Safety Results: Consistent with Previously Reported Results from NORSE ONE and NORSE THREE - Frequency and Incidence of Ocular Study Eye Adverse Events > 1%

In All Three Studies Only One Subject has Reported Ocular Inflammation

MedDRA System Organ Class MedDRA Preferred Term	Statistic	Ranibizumab (N=115)	ONS-5010 (Masked Data) [1] (N=113)	Overall (Masked Data) [1] (N=228)
At Least 1 Ocular TEAE in Study Eye	n (%)	47 (40.9)	47 (41.6)	94 (41.2)
Cataract	n (%)	1 (0.9)	2 (1.8)	3 (1.3)
Cataract nuclear	n (%)	0	3 (2.7)	3 (1.3)
Conjunctival hemorrhage	n (%)	3 (2.6)	10 (8.8)	13 (5.7)
Conjunctival hyperaemia	n (%)	2 (1.7)	0	2 (0.9)
Corneal abrasion	n (%)	1 (0.9)	4 (3.5)	5 (2.2)
Dermatochalasis	n (%)	2 (1.7)	2 (1.8)	4 (1.8)
Dry eye	n (%)	5 (4.3)	2 (1.8)	7 (3.1)
Eye irritation	n (%)	0	2 (1.8)	2 (0.9)
Eye pain	n (%)	2 (1.7)	1 (0.9)	3 (1.3)
Hordeolum	n (%)	2 (1.7)	0	2 (0.9)
Metamorphopsia	n (%)	3 (2.6)	1 (0.9)	4 (1.8)
Neovascular age-related macular degeneration	n (%)	3 (2.6)	0	3 (1.3)
Posterior capsule opacification	n (%)	2 (1.7)	1 (0.9)	3 (1.3)
Punctate keratitis	n (%)	2 (1.7)	3 (2.7)	5 (2.2)



Frequency and Incidence of Ocular Study Eye Adverse Events ≥ 1%

(continued)

MedDRA System Organ Class MedDRA Preferred Term	Statistic	Ranibizumab (N=115)	ONS-5010 (Masked Data) [1] (N=113)	Overall (Masked Data) [1] (N=228)
Retinal degeneration	n (%)	2 (1.7)	1 (0.9)	3 (1.3)
Retinal haemorrhage	n (%)	6 (5.2)	2 (1.8)	8 (3.5)
Retinal oedema	n (%)	2 (1.7)	0	2 (0.9)
Subretinal fibrosis	n (%)	2 (1.7)	2 (1.8)	4 (1.8)
Subretinal fluid	n (%)	3 (2.6)	2 (1.8)	5 (2.2)
Vision blurred	n (%)	0	2 (1.8)	2 (0.9)
Visual acuity reduced	n (%)	14 (12.2)	2 (1.8)	16 (7.0)
Vitreous detachment	n (%)	2 (1.7)	3 (2.7)	5 (2.2)
Vitreous floaters	n (%)	1 (0.9)	4 (3.5)	5 (2.2)
Vitreous haemorrhage	n (%)	1 (0.9)	2 (1.8)	3 (1.3)
Conjunctivitis	n (%)	0	1 (0.9)	1 (0.4)
Procedural pain	n (%)	2 (1.7)	0	2 (0.9)
Intraocular pressure increased	n (%)	1 (0.9)	7 (6.2)	8 (3.5)



NORSE ONE and NORSE THREE Results



Completed Clinical Experience Trial

Demonstrated anticipated safety and efficacy signals consistent with previously published results for ophthalmic use of bevacizumab

Trial Highlights:

- Desired proportion of 3-line visual acuity gainers achieved
- Desired mean gain in visual acuity achieved
- Zero ocular inflammation observed
- Safety was comparable to published bevacizumab studies, such as CATT



Open-Label Safety Study

Positive safety profile reinforces previously reported safety data for ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg)

Trial Highlights:

- Provided adequate number of patient exposure required for BLA submission
- No unexpected safety trends
- Zero cases of ocular inflammation, a concern that has emerged for other anti-VEGF therapies to treat retinal conditions



U.S. Law & FDA Regulations for Compounding & Repackaging

- The Food Drug and Cosmetic Act (FD&CA) and Drug Quality and Security Act of 2013 define what is legal for 503A and 503B
 Compounding Pharmacies.¹
 - Once a drug or biologic is FDA approved and commercially available compounding is no longer authorized. 2,3,4,5
 - 503A Compounding pharmacies are regulated by federal regulations and state laws and can only compound or repackage for individual prescriptions in limited quantities and cannot distribute across state lines for > 5% of business.
 - 503B Compounding Pharmacies / Outsourcing facilities must comply with CGMP regulations, are inspected by FDA and must adhere to reporting requirements.
 - Neither 503A nor 503B pharmacies can compound or repackage commercially available drugs unless they appear on the official FDA drug shortage list.
- "Compounded drug products are not FDA-approved, which means they have not undergone FDA premarket review for safety, effectiveness, and quality." FDA⁶
- "The restrictions on making drugs that are essentially copies ensure that pharmacists and physicians do not compound drug products under the exemptions for patients who could use a commercially available drug product." FDA⁶
- "Such a practice would create significant public health risks because patients would be unnecessarily exposed to drug products that
 have not been shown to be safe and effective and that may have been prepared under substandard manufacturing conditions." FDA⁶
- <u>"Under the statutory scheme, only very rarely should a compounded drug product that is essentially a copy of a commercially available drug product be offered to a patient." FDA</u>⁶



Compounded Drug Compared to FDA Approved

Ophthalmic Solution Requirement	Off-Label Compounded Repackaged IV Solution	FDA Approved Ophthalmic Solution for Intravitreal Injection
Sterile USP <71>1	?	Yes
FDA Approved Ophthalmic Package consistent with USP <771>1	No	Yes
FDA Reviewed Stability Data supporting shelf life ^{2,3}	No	Yes
Particulates per USP <789> for Ophthalmic Solutions ¹	?	Yes
pH FDA approved and consistent with USP <771>1,2,3	No	Yes
Potency FDA Approved specifications for shelf life ^{2,3}	No	Yes
Osmolarity specification for ophthalmic solution ^{2,3}	No	Yes
Bacterial Endotoxins USP <85>1	?	Yes
GMP ^{2,3}	?	Yes



Bevacizumab Solution Injection Options

- Off label IV Solutions Given via IV Administration
 Does Not Meet Requirements for FDA Approved Ophthalmic Dosage Form
 - Bascom Palmer (Dr. Rosenfeld) initially employed bevacizumab intravenously as a therapy for wet age-related macular degeneration and showed it was successful, however it was concluded intravitreal injection should be investigated¹
- Off label Not FDA Approved Compounded Repackaged IV Solution for Intravitreal Injection
 Does Not Meet Requirements for FDA Approved Ophthalmic Dosage Form
 - The National Eye Institute conducted the landmark CATT clinical trial under an FDA IND with FDA oversight on a single manufacturing/repackaging process
 - Subsequent to the CATT Trial, many Compounding Pharmacies have supplied compounded repackaged AVASTIN with a long history of ocular safety issues, recalls, FDA Warning letters, with peer reviewed publications demonstrating a concerning lack of potency and other concerns^{2,3}
- Investigational Ophthalmic Solution Dosage Form FDA oversight under FDA IND
 - ONS-5010 bevacizumab-vikg an investigational ophthalmic solution has been investigated in NORSE ONE, NORSE TWO
 and NORSE THREE under an FDA IND and a new BLA is planned to be submitted in Q1/2022. Clinical trials and
 manufacturing has been conducted under an IND and FDA oversight



The Unmet Medical Need Due To Repackaged and Off-Label Use of Bevacizumab

Variability in Potency¹

JAMA Ophthalmology

- 81% of samples had lower protein concentrations than required
- Samples had statistically significant variations in protein concentration among samples

Safety and Sterility Adverse Events²





- Unvalidated hold times in syringes not designed to be primary packages
- Patients have lost eyesight due to infections
- Multiple unapproved repackaged IV bevacizumab recalls due to unsterile compounding practices

Syringe Adverse Events³



- Variability in repackaging can lower quality of syringe products, resulting in adverse events
- Silicone oil droplets may be released by the syringe into the eye

Not Held to FDA Ophthalmic Quality Standards When Repackaged



400 mg/16 mL, single-use vial; 100 mg/4 mL, single-use vial



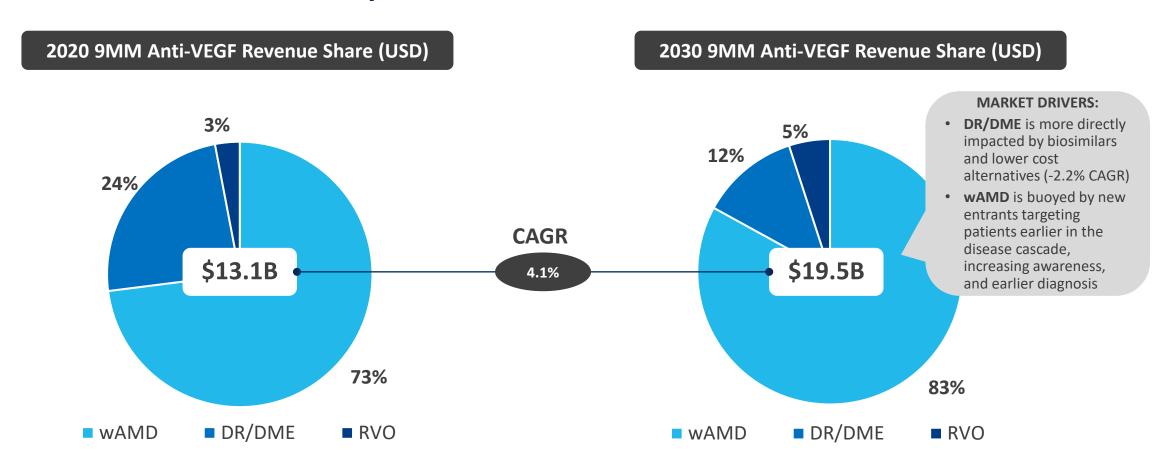






Targeting Large and Growing Ophthalmic Markets

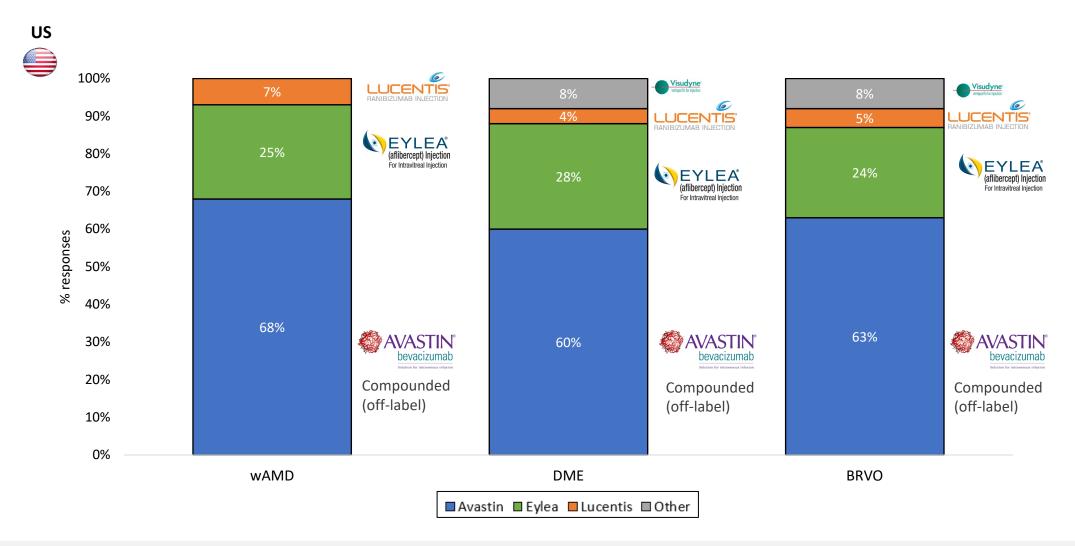
ONS-5010, if approved, will be a significant therapy in the retinal anti-VEGF market, currently estimated to be in excess of \$13.1 billion worldwide





New Patient Starts (US)

If Approved, ONS-5010 could have direct access to up to 60-68% of new patient starts





ONS-5010 Ophthalmic Bevacizumab Target Product Profile

	ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg)
Patient Population	Patients diagnosed with wet AMD, DME, or BRVO
Description	 Anti-VEGF bevacizumab designed for ophthalmic indications wet AMD, DME, and BRVO
Dosing and Administration	 Supplied either as pre-filled ophthalmic syringe for intravitreal 1.25 mg injection administered once monthly, or as a glass vial
Efficacy, Safety, and AEs	 Demonstrated efficacy and safety in NORSE TWO trial Comparable to data from the National Eye Institute (NEI) Comparison of Age-Related Macular Degeneration Treatments Trials (CATT) Study as equivalent to LUCENTIS®



ONS-5010 Ophthalmic Bevacizumab Potential Value Proposition

ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg)

- Potential FDA approved bevacizumab for the treatment of wet AMD
- Addresses compounding pharmacy quality control issues causing potential AEs, product shortages, and liability risks associated with off-label repackaged IV Avastin®

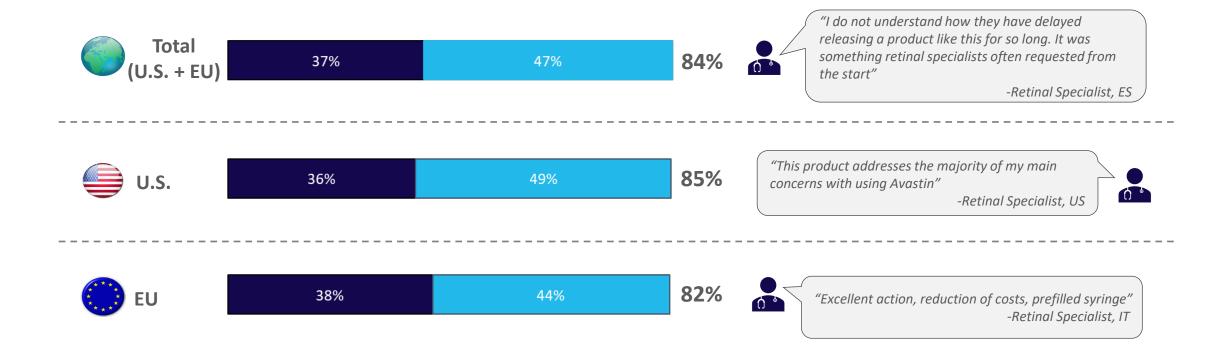
Potential Value Proposition

- Ensures cGMP quality and delivery system designed for retinal disorders
- Addresses issue of AAO requesting that CMS modify Avastin[®] reimbursement rates to protect physicians from financial risk
- Ability for bilateral administration with malpractice insurance coverage
- Priced to allow a cost-effective FDA approved option for first-line



Do Physicians Want an Ophthalmic Approved Bevacizumab?

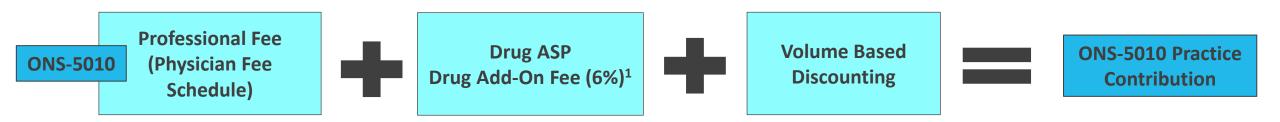
>80% of retinal specialists express interest/high interest in an FDA-approved ophthalmic bevacizumab to treat wet AMD, DME and BRVO





Compelling and Predictable Physician Economics Compared to Unapproved Compounded Bevacizumab

Per Injection Revenue (unilateral)



- In contrast, ASRS has identified that compounded off-label bevacizumab is not adequately reimbursed at the national level
- Costs of compounding have continued to rise due to increased efforts to meet UPS 789 criteria. Physicians have shared that there is reduced margin for physicians choosing to compound bevacizumab due to these changes
- Additionally, several large compounding pharmacies have either moved away from compounding (AMEX)
 or have had to issue recalls and product safety bulletins
- ONS-5010 can directly address this economic and quality dilemma for physicians and patients alike



Manufacturing and Regulatory Progress Towards Commercialization







Manufacturing

Best-in-class cGMP manufacturing partners



Pre-Filled Syringes

Supply agreement for a best-inclass pre-filled ophthalmic syringe



Regulatory

Achieved clinical requirements agreed upon with the FDA



Commercial Planning Activities Underway



If ONS-5010 (bevacizumab-vikg) is FDA approved and has a cost-effective profile, Outlook Therapeutics expects ONS-5010 to be widely adopted by payors and clinicians worldwide and to become the first-line drug of choice for payor-mandated "step-edit" in the United States for retinal indications



Physician and Patient Outreach



Aligning Key
Opinion Leaders



Payor Community Engagement







Company Summary

Preparing U.S. FDA BLA submission targeted for calendar Q1 2022

Potential for first FDA approved ophthalmic formulation of bevacizumab

Targeting \$13.1 billion global ophthalmic anti-VEGF market¹

Management team with proven ophthalmic commercial launch expertise





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Investor Relations

JTC Team 833.475.8247 otlk@jtcir.com

Appendix



AAO Addressing Compounding Pharmacy Concerns

AAO is monitoring Avastin shortages and pricing



Issues continue to be reported with compounded bevacizumab:

 Change in syringe type to comply with USP 789 standards for particulate matter in ophthalmic solutions (i.e. eliminating silicone oil droplets in insulin syringes)



ONS-5010 could provide important benefits over offlabel Avastin

- Continuity of source and quality
- Uniformity of product
- Supply chain integrity
- FDA approved delivery vehicle/syringe



Email from AAO dated May 30, 2019

Academy Communication

The Facts About the Avastin Shortage

The Academy continues to seek new information on the ongoing Avastin shortages that are affecting the drug's supply nationwide. Today, we're sharing with you the latest information and a comprehensive document to explain this issue and actions the Academy is taking.

Avastin is a critically important treatment option for ophthalmology patients facing sight threatening diseases, including AMD, macular edema, neovascular glaucoma and others. It is the most commonly administered intravitreal drug worldwide and therefore any disruption to its availability has a major impact on patients.

The basics:

- A shortage of Avastin has affected access to the drug and prices.
- The shortage is related to a change in syringe type to comply with Food and Drug Administration guidance and with USP 789 standards for particulate matter in ophthalmic solutions.
- Suppliers are providing the Academy with updates on supplies and prices.
- The Academy has asked CMS to modify Avastin reimbursement rates to protect physicians from financial risk.

Get the latest details below on the impact of the shortage, and visit the <u>AAO.org</u> <u>Avastin Shortages and Reimbursements page</u> for our comprehensive report on this issue. We will update that page regularly with new information.

